



SPACESTATION
LIVE

1
00:00:10,390 --> 00:00:08,390
as nasa plans future exploration

2
00:00:12,470 --> 00:00:10,400
missions there's much we still have to

3
00:00:13,910 --> 00:00:12,480
learn and the space station is an

4
00:00:16,390 --> 00:00:13,920
excellent test bed for many of the

5
00:00:18,950 --> 00:00:16,400
studies that will help us travel beyond

6
00:00:20,470 --> 00:00:18,960
earth to an asteroid or to mars

7
00:00:22,710 --> 00:00:20,480
lori meigs is at

8
00:00:26,550 --> 00:00:22,720
marshall space flight center with more

9
00:00:28,150 --> 00:00:26,560
about one such investigation lori

10
00:00:29,910 --> 00:00:28,160
well regolith is a term you may have

11
00:00:31,990 --> 00:00:29,920
heard used a lot back in the lunar

12
00:00:34,389 --> 00:00:32,000
landing days to refer to the dust that

13
00:00:36,790 --> 00:00:34,399

really stuck to the spacesuits and the

14

00:00:38,470 --> 00:00:36,800

hardware well to travel to farther

15

00:00:40,470 --> 00:00:38,480

bodies in the solar system we need to

16

00:00:43,270 --> 00:00:40,480

understand how regolith acts in

17

00:00:44,630 --> 00:00:43,280

microgravity and strata 1 is an

18

00:00:46,310 --> 00:00:44,640

experiment that is doing just that on

19

00:00:48,869 --> 00:00:46,320

the space station i spoke with kristin

20

00:00:52,150 --> 00:00:48,879

john she's the co-investigator and i got

21

00:00:53,750 --> 00:00:52,160

the dirt on this pesky soil

22

00:00:55,750 --> 00:00:53,760

it's an experiment to study asteroid

23

00:00:57,670 --> 00:00:55,760

regolith so regolith is basically the

24

00:00:59,830 --> 00:00:57,680

fine dust and powder that you find on

25

00:01:02,150 --> 00:00:59,840

the surface of any atmosphereless body

26

00:01:03,670 --> 00:01:02,160

so on the moon or asteroids or comets

27

00:01:05,189 --> 00:01:03,680

they're covered with this this regolith

28

00:01:10,469 --> 00:01:05,199

material so we're interested in studying

29

00:01:14,469 --> 00:01:13,030

jack schmidt having a few problems

30

00:01:15,990 --> 00:01:14,479

you heard a lot about that when the

31

00:01:17,910 --> 00:01:16,000

astronauts came back from the moon the

32

00:01:19,030 --> 00:01:17,920

regolith that was really stuck to their

33

00:01:20,789 --> 00:01:19,040

spacesuits and stuff so this is

34

00:01:22,789 --> 00:01:20,799

something we're having to learn about

35

00:01:24,149 --> 00:01:22,799

and how to deal with right exactly yeah

36

00:01:25,429 --> 00:01:24,159

so when the apollo astronauts came back

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00:01:26,870 --> 00:01:25,439

they reported all sorts of issues with

38

00:01:28,710 --> 00:01:26,880

the regolith it would get into their

39

00:01:30,710 --> 00:01:28,720

joints it would interrupt with equipment

40

00:01:31,990 --> 00:01:30,720

and the space suits spacecraft

41

00:01:33,749 --> 00:01:32,000

everything so it's something we have to

42

00:01:36,069 --> 00:01:33,759

be considerate of

43

00:01:37,510 --> 00:01:36,079

so why study it on the space station um

44

00:01:39,030 --> 00:01:37,520

so basically we want to study in the

45

00:01:41,350 --> 00:01:39,040

same environment that it's exposed to on

46

00:01:43,429 --> 00:01:41,360

these bodies uh so for now we can only

47

00:01:44,950 --> 00:01:43,439

study regolith for 30 seconds at a time

48

00:01:46,230 --> 00:01:44,960

on the vomit comet so by going to the

49

00:01:47,510 --> 00:01:46,240

station we can actually study it for a

50

00:01:48,950 --> 00:01:47,520

longer period of time in the

51
00:01:50,550 --> 00:01:48,960
microgravity environment that this

52
00:01:52,389 --> 00:01:50,560
regulator exists

53
00:01:53,670 --> 00:01:52,399
so when we say study it what are we

54
00:01:55,190 --> 00:01:53,680
doing with it

55
00:01:56,950 --> 00:01:55,200
right so we're actually basically just

56
00:01:58,469 --> 00:01:56,960
watching how it evolves over time so we

57
00:01:59,910 --> 00:01:58,479
basically have four tubes that we're

58
00:02:01,830 --> 00:01:59,920
sending up to space station that are

59
00:02:03,190 --> 00:02:01,840
filled with different regular stimulants

60
00:02:04,389 --> 00:02:03,200
and we're watching each one with a

61
00:02:05,749 --> 00:02:04,399
camera and we're just watching what

62
00:02:07,590 --> 00:02:05,759
happens over time in the microgravity

63
00:02:09,270 --> 00:02:07,600

environment so it's like having

64

00:02:11,110 --> 00:02:09,280

asteroids on the space station right

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00:02:12,390 --> 00:02:11,120

exactly yep that's what we're going for

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00:02:14,309 --> 00:02:12,400

we're very excited and there's uh

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00:02:15,510 --> 00:02:14,319

surprisingly there's a large number of

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00:02:17,270 --> 00:02:15,520

scientists that are very interested in

69

00:02:18,630 --> 00:02:17,280

regolith from a scientific point of view

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00:02:20,070 --> 00:02:18,640

and also from an exploration point of

71

00:02:21,990 --> 00:02:20,080

view so there's a lot of people that are

72

00:02:23,430 --> 00:02:22,000

excited about strata 1 and future strata

73

00:02:24,630 --> 00:02:23,440

missions as well

74

00:02:27,750 --> 00:02:24,640

is it just

75

00:02:29,350 --> 00:02:27,760

strictly for future exploration or is

76

00:02:31,509 --> 00:02:29,360

there some other thing we can learn from

77

00:02:32,550 --> 00:02:31,519

this that'll benefit earth yeah so

78

00:02:34,229 --> 00:02:32,560

there's a lot so there's not a lot of

79

00:02:35,830 --> 00:02:34,239

benefits necessarily to earth but

80

00:02:37,350 --> 00:02:35,840

there's a lot of benefits to science to

81

00:02:38,710 --> 00:02:37,360

understanding this regular from a

82

00:02:40,229 --> 00:02:38,720

scientific point of view but also from

83

00:02:41,589 --> 00:02:40,239

an exploration point of view so when we

84

00:02:43,430 --> 00:02:41,599

go to these bodies in the future we have

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00:02:44,949 --> 00:02:43,440

to know how to interact with them um all

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00:02:46,550 --> 00:02:44,959

these all these bodies that are covered

87

00:02:47,670 --> 00:02:46,560

with them we need to anchor or attach to

88

00:02:49,830 --> 00:02:47,680

these surfaces because they have very

89

00:02:50,949 --> 00:02:49,840

low gravity so we have to be able to

90

00:02:52,710 --> 00:02:50,959

interact with the regolith and

91

00:02:54,790 --> 00:02:52,720

understand how we'll attach to them or

92

00:02:56,869 --> 00:02:54,800

anchor anchor to the bodies so so that's

93

00:02:58,229 --> 00:02:56,879

an important reason to study regularly

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00:02:59,750 --> 00:02:58,239

and so then it's a whole nother ballgame

95

00:03:02,790 --> 00:02:59,760

when you find out what it really does

96

00:03:04,390 --> 00:03:02,800

right exactly yep

97

00:03:06,550 --> 00:03:04,400

and for more information on this and

98

00:03:07,990 --> 00:03:06,560

other experiments on the station go to

99

00:03:09,830 --> 00:03:08,000

nasa.gov

100

00:03:12,229 --> 00:03:09,840

station and look under the research and

